# Deep Listening 2024

More in Common

#### **Method-Data Collection**



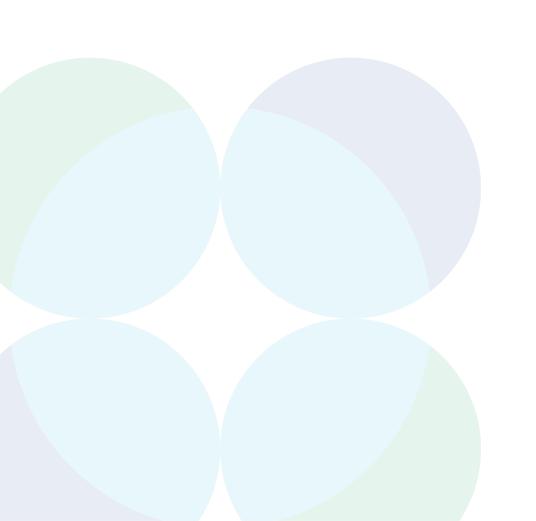
#### USA

More in Common partnered with international polling company YouGov to conduct online survey interviews with N=2,009 US adults from May 23 – June 11, 2024. The data was weighted to be representative of the US adult population using propensity scores, with score functions including gender, age, race, education, and region. The weights were then post-stratified on 2020 Presidential vote choice, and a four-way stratification of gender, age (6-category), race (5-category), and education (4-category). The margin of error is +/- 2.2% for the US average and higher for subgroups.

#### Great Britain

Online survey interviews were conducted with N = 2,073 adults in Great Britain from October 9-10, 2024, via More in Common, a member of the British Polling Council. Polls are weighted and allocated to be representative of the adult population of Great Britain. The margin of error is  $\pm$ 1-2.04% for the average and higher for subgroups.

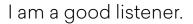


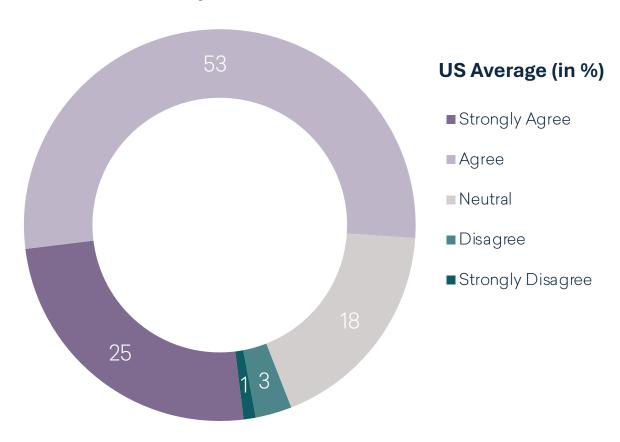


# Beliefs about Listening (USA)

#### 78% of US adults think they are good at listening.



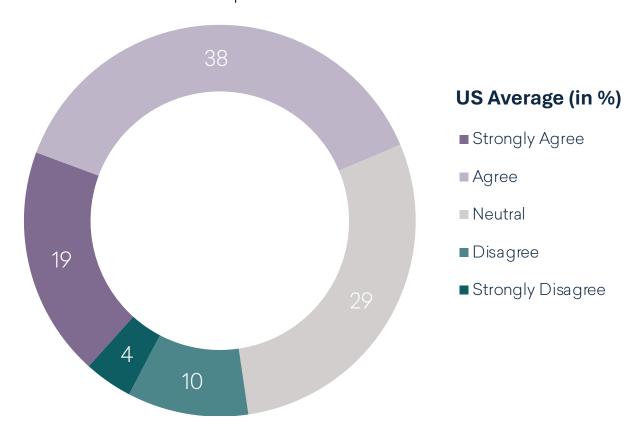




#### 57% of US adults agree that people aren't listening to them because they are distracted by phones.



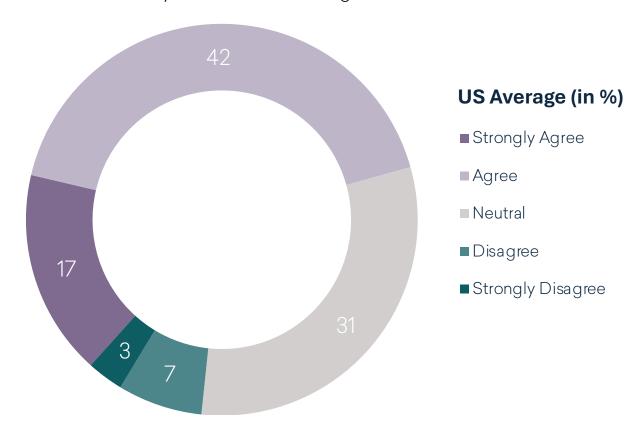
I often feel like people aren't listening to me because they are distracted by their phone.



## About 60% of US adults are confident that they can have a conversation with someone who thinks very differently about a big issue.



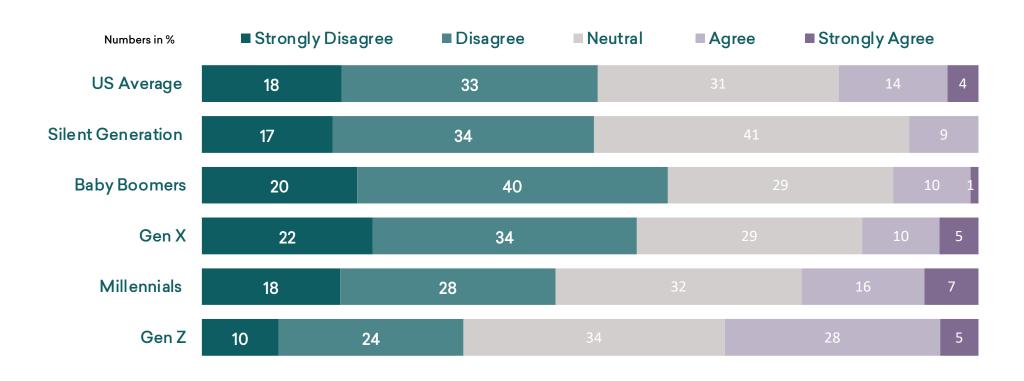
I am confident I can have a conversation with someone who thinks very differently than me about a big issue.



## 18% of US adults fear that listening to someone with opposing views might lead the person to assume agreement.



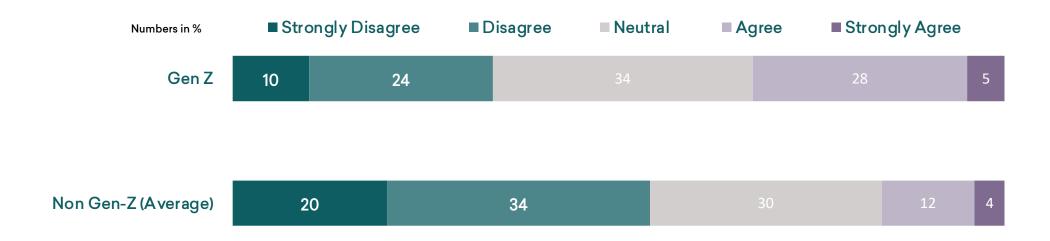
I fear that listening to someone with opposing views might make them think I agree with them.



#### Gen Z Americans are twice as likely to feel that listening equates to agreeing with someone whose views differ from theirs.



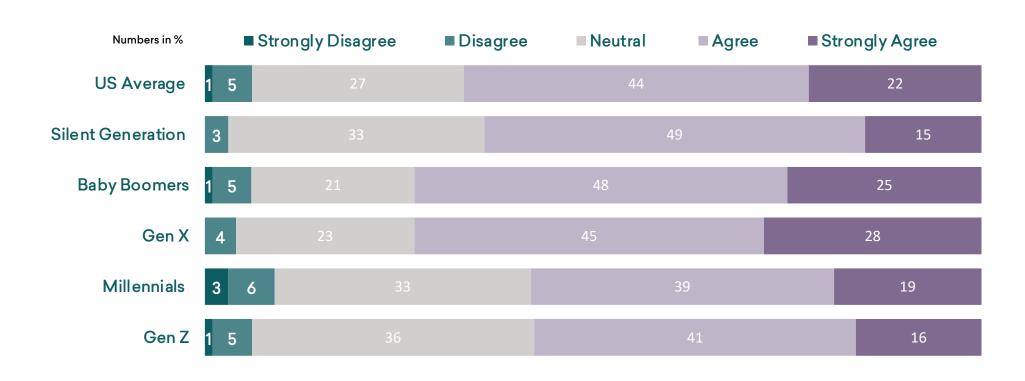
I fear that listening to someone with opposing views might make them think I agree with them.



#### Two-thirds of Americans feel that people used to be better at listening – just 6 percent disagree.



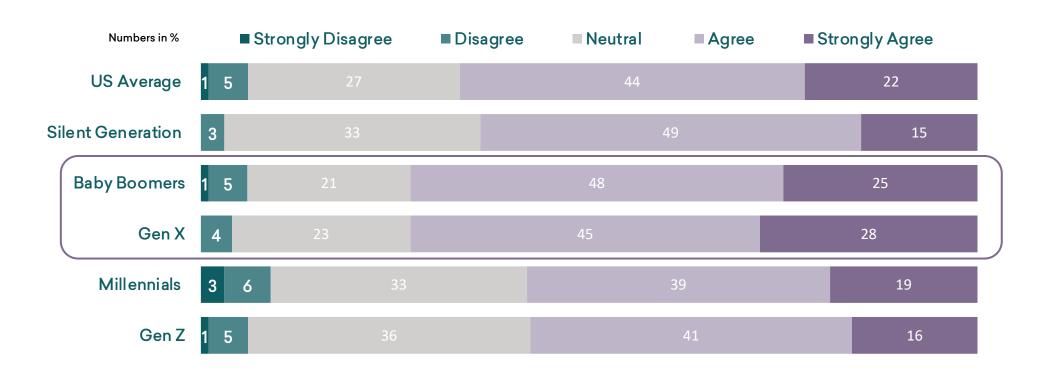
People are not as good at listening to others as they used to be.







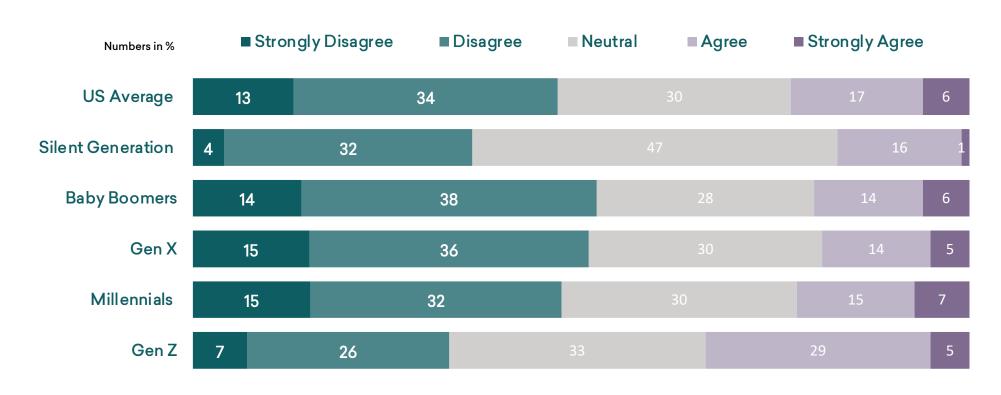
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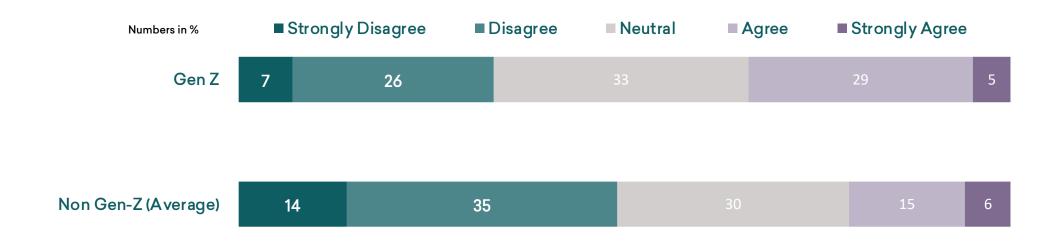
I avoid listening, one-on-one, to people whose views I don't like.



#### Gen Z Americans are more likely to do this than any other generation.



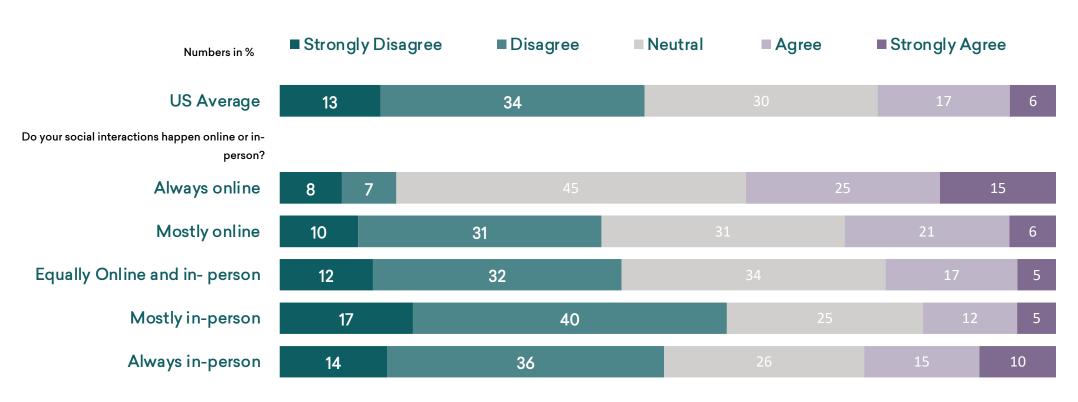
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# People who interact with others "always online" are more likely to avoid listening to people whose views they dislike. People who interact mostly or always in person are more likely to disagree with this.



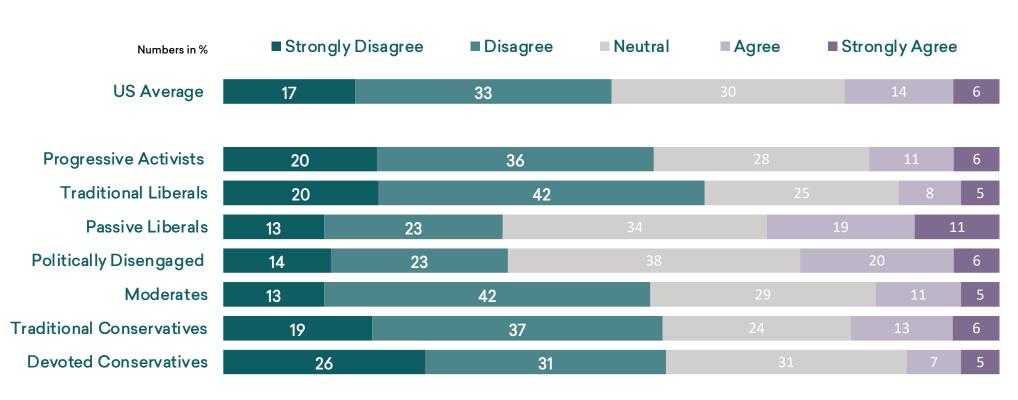
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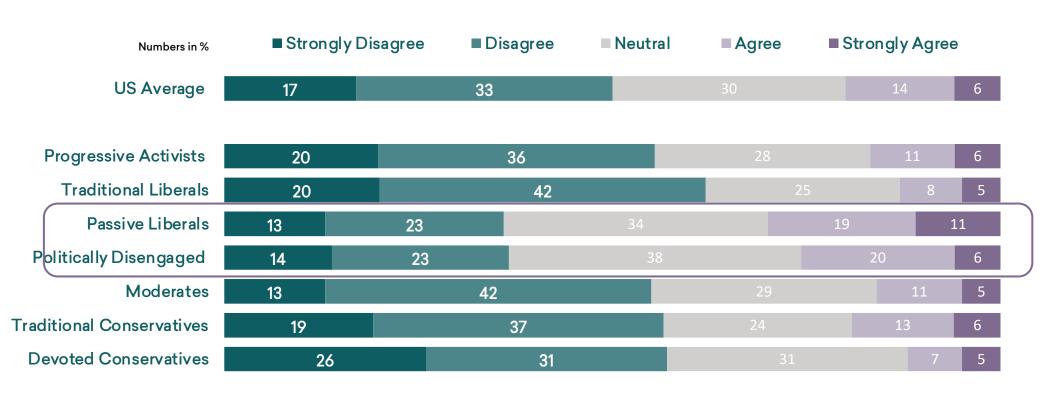






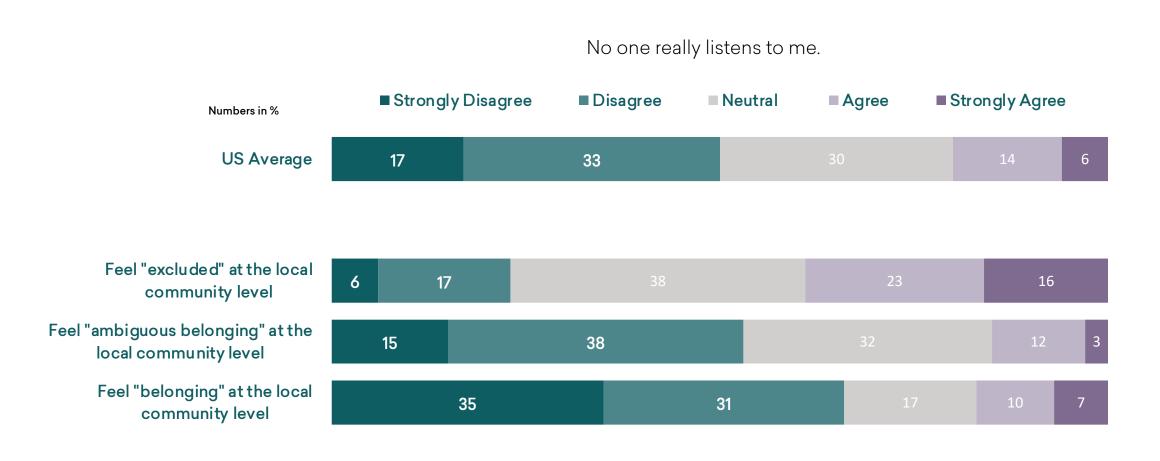






#### About 40% of US respondents who feel "excluded" at the local community level agree that no one "really listens" to them.

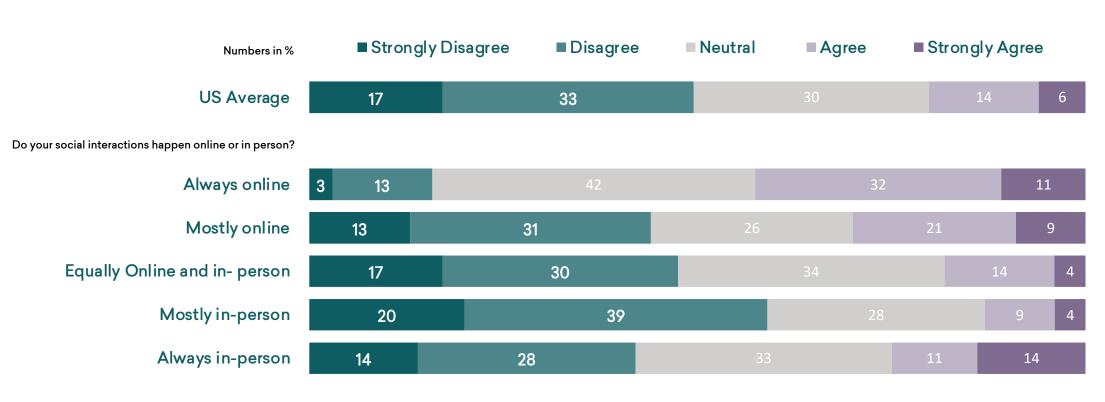












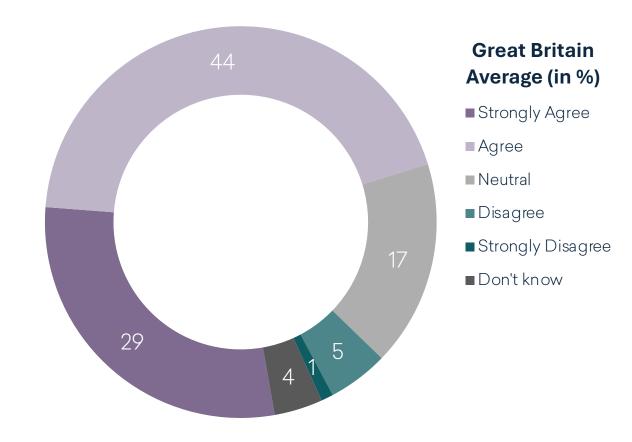








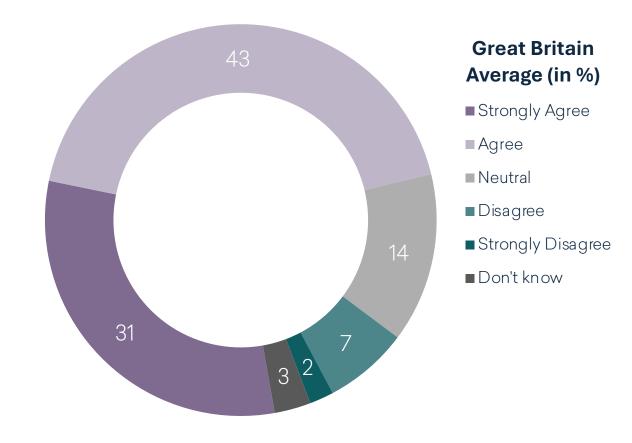
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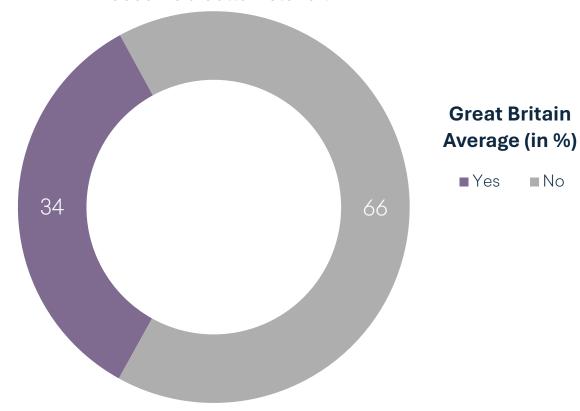
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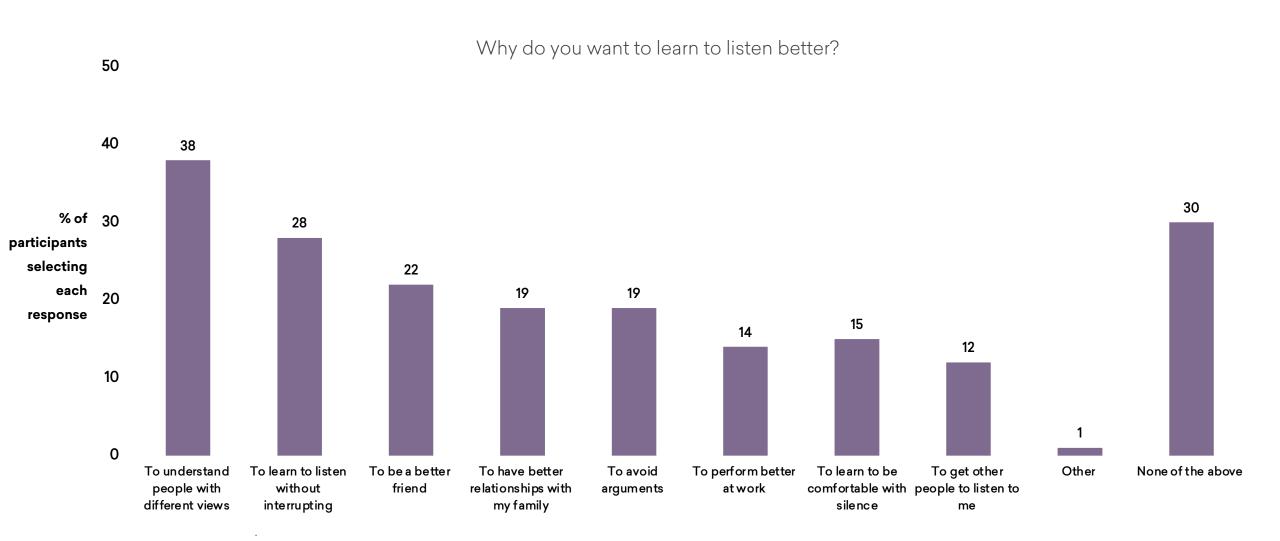


Would you be interested in taking a 90 min course (for free) to help you become a better listener?



#### The top reason for wanting to learn to listen better is "to understand people with different views."





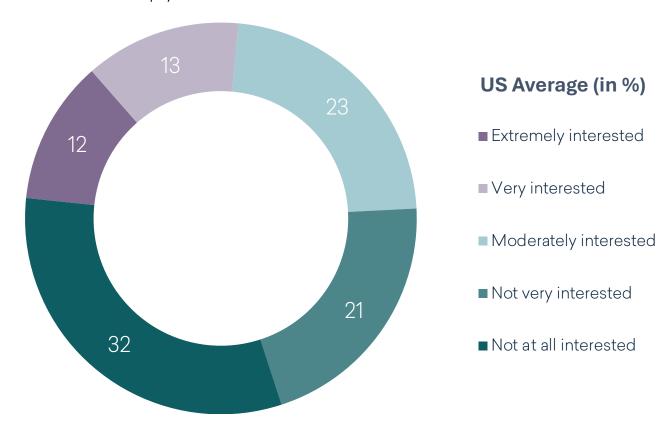


# Interest in an online course (USA only)



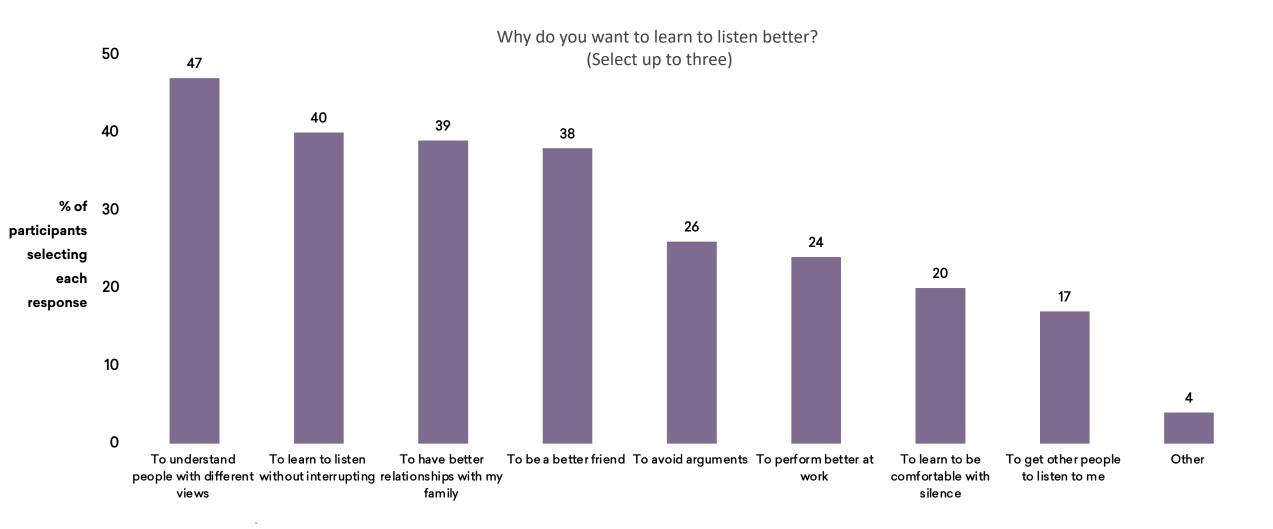
#### 48% of US adults are interested in taking an online deep listening training course.

Would you be interested in taking a 90-minute interactive online course (for free) to help you become a better listener?



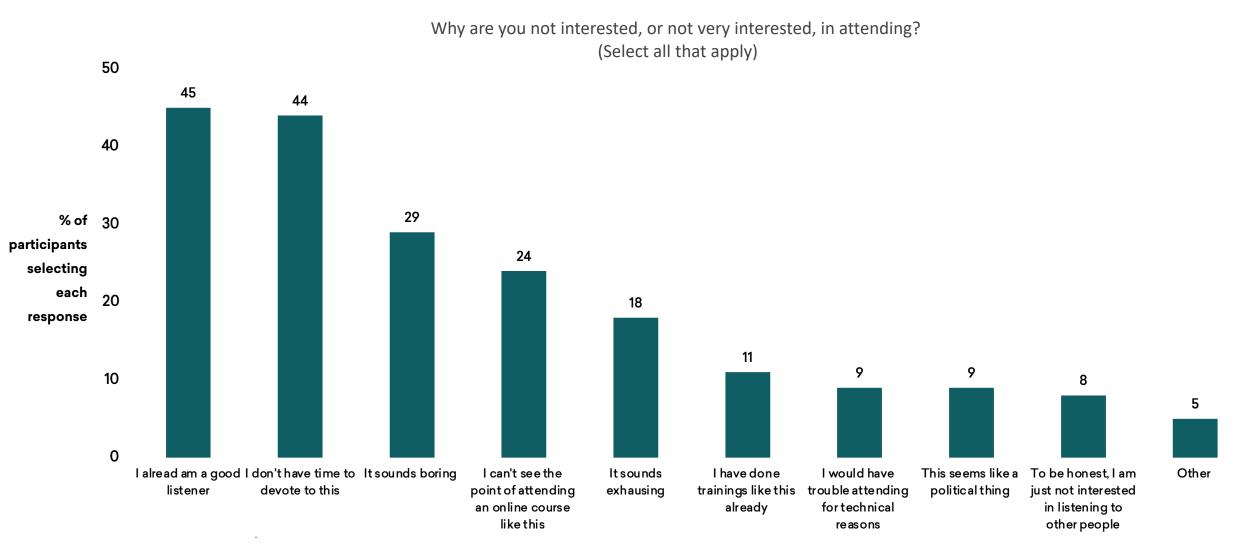
#### For interested respondents, wanting to understand people with different views was the top reason selected.





#### Uninterested respondents said that they were already good at listening or didn't have the time.









Respondents more likely to select "extremely" or "very" interested	Top reasons
People making \$250,000 or more	To understand people with different views, to perform better at work
Millennials, Gen Z	To understand people with different views, to perform better at work
Black Americans	To understand people with different views, to avoid arguments
Traditional Conservatives	To understand people with different views, to perform better at work
Traditional Liberals	To understand people with different views
People who have social interaction "always" or "mostly" online	To learn to be comfortable with silence, to have better relationships (with friends and family)
People who say religion is "very important" to them	To understand people with different views, to learn to listen without interrupting



#### Top reasons for respondents who were the least interested in the course

Respondents more likely to select "not very" or "not at all" interested	Top reasons
Silent Generation	I am already a good listener, I would have trouble attending for technical reasons
Baby Boomers	I am already a good listener, I can't see the point in this
Devoted Conservates	It sounds boring, I don't have the time, I don't see the point
Politically Disengaged	I already am a good listener, I don't have time
People who interact "mostly" or "always" in person	It sounds boring, I already am a good listener, technical trouble





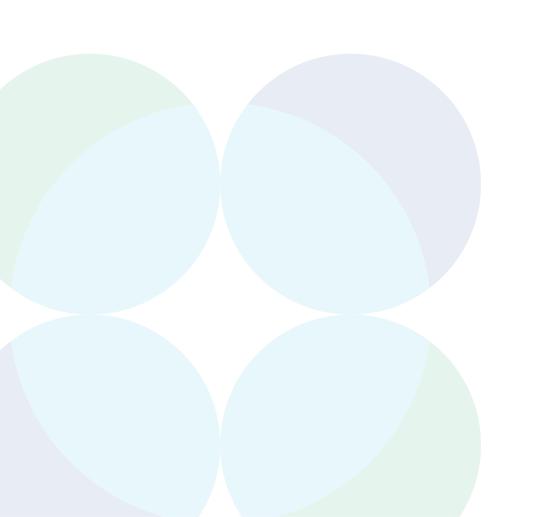
- In the US sample, we found significant differences between groups that spent more or less time socializing online. However, the group that socialized "always online" was rather small (N=62 US adults). So, to be confident in this result, future researchers should replicate this study with a larger sample size.
- Why does Gen Z fear that listening to others might equate agreement? Qualitative research could help us better understand their beliefs.
- The differences between men and women (as shown in the Appendix) are very small but statistically significant. To better understand the beliefs of men vs. women, researchers should use a qualitative approach to provide more explanatory detail.





# Thank you!





# Appendix



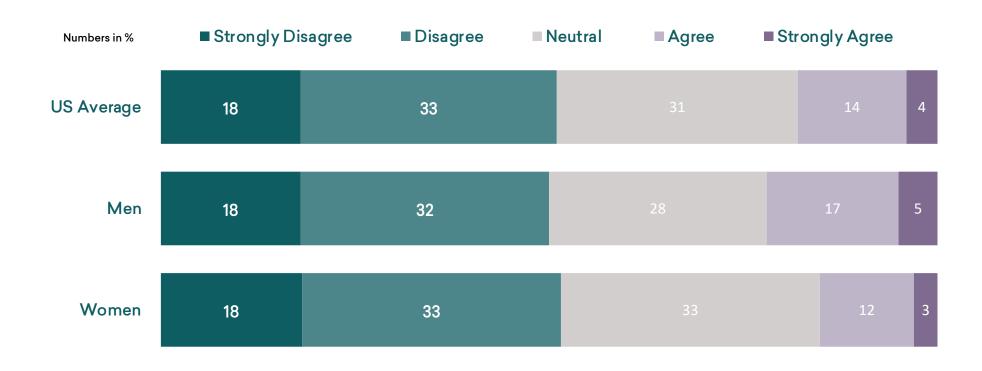


# Significant Differences by Gender

## Men in the US are slightly more likely to agree that listening to someone with opposing views equates to agreeing with them.



I fear that listening to someone with opposing views might make them think I agree with them.



#### Women in Great Britain are slightly more likely to agree that they are good at listening.

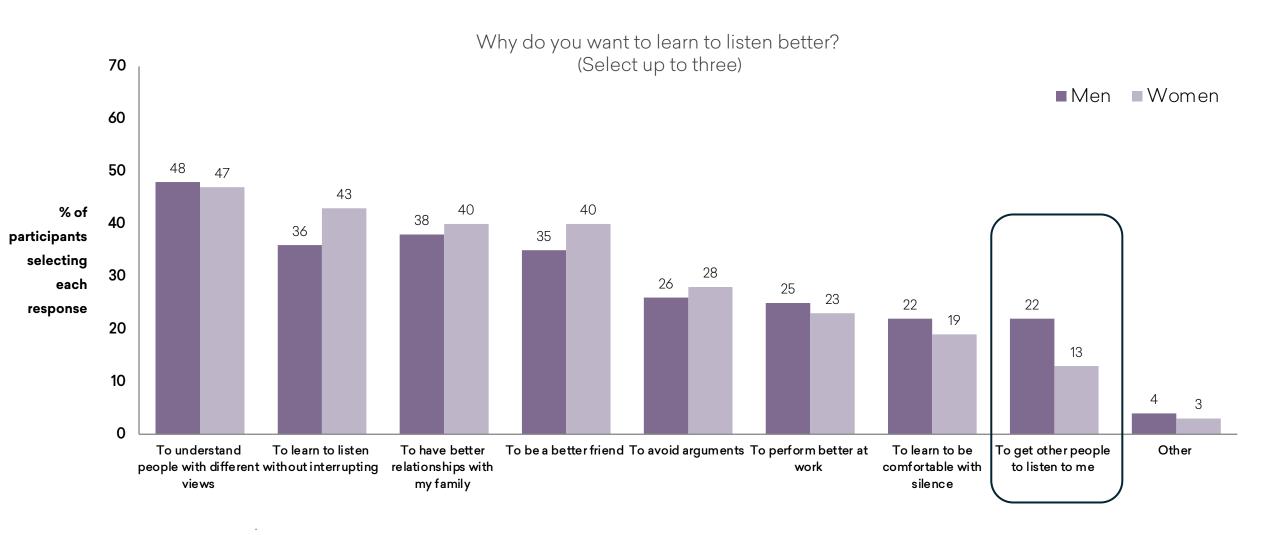






#### Of men and women *interested* in the course, fewer women selected "to get other people to listen to me" than men.





#### Of men and women *uninterested* in the course, fewer women selected "I can't see the point" than men.



